

Exercise 1

- Make sure you have the latest version of R (3.0.2)
- Install Bioconductor default and the LMGene package
- Download the 12 .CEL files and read them into an AffyBatch object with ReadAffy
- Summarize the probe sets with rma. This also transforms and normalizes the arrays.
- Find the significant probe sets using both the gene specific and the posterior p-values and in both cases find the FDR-adjusted p-values.

```
library(affy)
rrdata <- ReadAffy()

> class(rrdata)
[1] "AffyBatch"
attr(,"package")
[1] "affy"

> dim(exprs(rrdata))
[1] 409600      12

> colnames(exprs(rrdata))
[1] "LN0A.CEL" "LN0B.CEL" "LN1A.CEL" "LN1B.CEL" "LN2A.CEL" "LN2B.CEL"
[7] "LN3A.CEL" "LN3B.CEL" "LN4A.CEL" "LN4B.CEL" "LN5A.CEL" "LN5B.CEL"
```

```
> eset <- rma(rrdata)
trying URL 'http://bioconductor.org/packages/2.1/...'
Content type 'application/zip' length 1352776 bytes (1.3 Mb)
opened URL
downloaded 1.3 Mb

package 'hgu95av2cdf' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked

The downloaded packages are in
      C:\Documents and Settings\dmrocke\Local Settings...
updating HTML package descriptions
Background correcting
Normalizing
Calculating Expression

> class(eset)
[1] "ExpressionSet"
attr(,"package")
[1] "Biobase"
> dim(exprs(eset))
[1] 12625    12
```

```
> summary(exprs(eset))
```

LN0A.CEL		LN0B.CEL		LN1A.CEL		LN1B.CEL	
Min.	: 2.713	Min.	: 2.585	Min.	: 2.611	Min.	: 2.636
1st Qu.:	4.478	1st Qu.:	4.449	1st Qu.:	4.458	1st Qu.:	4.477
Median :	6.080	Median :	6.072	Median :	6.070	Median :	6.078
Mean :	6.120	Mean :	6.124	Mean :	6.120	Mean :	6.128
3rd Qu.:	7.443	3rd Qu.:	7.473	3rd Qu.:	7.467	3rd Qu.:	7.467
Max.	:12.042	Max.	:12.146	Max.	:12.122	Max.	:11.889
LN2A.CEL		LN2B.CEL		LN3A.CEL		LN3B.CEL	
Min.	: 2.598	Min.	: 2.717	Min.	: 2.633	Min.	: 2.622
1st Qu.:	4.444	1st Qu.:	4.469	1st Qu.:	4.425	1st Qu.:	4.428
Median :	6.008	Median :	6.058	Median :	6.017	Median :	6.028
Mean :	6.109	Mean :	6.125	Mean :	6.116	Mean :	6.117
3rd Qu.:	7.426	3rd Qu.:	7.422	3rd Qu.:	7.444	3rd Qu.:	7.459
Max.	:13.135	Max.	:13.110	Max.	:13.106	Max.	:13.138
LN4A.CEL		LN4B.CEL		LN5A.CEL		LN5B.CEL	
Min.	: 2.742	Min.	: 2.634	Min.	: 2.615	Min.	: 2.590
1st Qu.:	4.468	1st Qu.:	4.433	1st Qu.:	4.448	1st Qu.:	4.487
Median :	6.074	Median :	6.050	Median :	6.053	Median :	6.068
Mean :	6.122	Mean :	6.120	Mean :	6.121	Mean :	6.123
3rd Qu.:	7.460	3rd Qu.:	7.478	3rd Qu.:	7.477	3rd Qu.:	7.457
Max.	:12.033	Max.	:12.162	Max.	:11.925	Max.	:11.952

```

> dim(exprs(eset))
[1] 12625    12
> group <- as.factor(c(0,0,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5))
> group
 [1] 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5
Levels: 0 1 2 3 4 5
> anova(lm(exprs(eset)[942,] ~ group))
Analysis of Variance Table

Response: exprs(eset)[942, ]
          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
group      5  3.7235  0.7447  10.726 0.005945 **
Residuals  6  0.4166  0.0694
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```
> colnames(exprs(eset))
[1] "LN0A.CEL" "LN0B.CEL" "LN1A.CEL" "LN1B.CEL" "LN2A.CEL" "LN2B.CEL"
[7] "LN3A.CEL" "LN3B.CEL" "LN4A.CEL" "LN4B.CEL" "LN5A.CEL" "LN5B.CEL"

> group <- factor(c(0,0,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5))
> vlist <- list(group=group)
> vlist
$group
 [1] 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5
Levels: 0 1 2 3 4 5

> eset.lmg <- neweS(exprs(eset),vlist)
```

```

> genediff.results <- genediff(eset.lmg)
> names(genediff.results)
[1] "Gene.Specific" "Posterior"
> hist(genediff.results$Gene.Specific)
> hist(genediff.results$Posterior)
> pv2 <- pvadjust(genediff.results)
> names(pv2)
[1] "Gene.Specific"      "Posterior"          "Gene.Specific.FDR"
[4] "Posterior.FDR"
> sum(pv2$Gene.Specific < .05)
[1] 2615
> sum(pv2$Posterior < .05)
[1] 3082
> sum(pv2$Gene.Specific.FDR < .05)
[1] 119
> sum(pv2$Posterior.FDR < .05)
[1] 1173

```

Using genediff results in two lists of 12625 p-values. One uses the standard 6df denominator and the other uses the moderated F-statistic with a denominator derived from an analysis of all of the MSE's from all the linear models.

```
> genediff.results <- genediff(eset.lmg)
> class(genediff.results)
[1] "list"
> length(genediff.results)
[1] 2
> names(genediff.results)
[1] "Gene.Specific" "Posterior"
> length(genediff.results$Posterior)
[1] 12625
> genediff.results$Posterior[1:5]
[1] 0.02939858 0.07524596 0.34409615 0.26903574 0.19198230
> sort(genediff.results$Posterior)[1:5]
[1] 5.939886e-08 2.059263e-07 2.257690e-07 2.429635e-07 2.750870e-07
> order(genediff.results$Posterior)[1:5]
[1] 4343 7278 12607 7030 8691
> genediff.results$Posterior[order(genediff.results$Posterior)[1:5]]
[1] 5.939886e-08 2.059263e-07 2.257690e-07 2.429635e-07 2.750870e-07
```



```

> featureNames(eset.lmg)[1:5]
[1] "100_g_at" "1000_at" "1001_at" "1002_f_at" "1003_s_at"
> featureNames(eset.lmg)[order(genediff.results$Posterior)[1:5]]
[1] "34301_r_at" "37208_at" "AFFX-M27830_5_at" "36962_at"
[5] "38608_at"
> featureNames(eset.lmg)[order(genediff.results$Posterior)[1:10]]
[1] "34301_r_at" "37208_at" "AFFX-M27830_5_at" "36962_at"
[5] "38608_at" "33646_g_at" "2027_at" "31957_r_at"
[9] "34592_at" "256_s_at"

```

Feature	Gene	Feature	Gene
34301_r_at	KRT17	33646_g_at	GM2A
37208_at	PSPH1	2027_at	S100A2
AFFX-M27830_5_at	Endogenous control	31957_r_at	RPLP1
36962_at	COPA	34592_at	RPS17
38608_at	LGALS7B	256_s_at	RPSA

For Example, RPSA
40S ribosomal protein SA

GO:0006412 : translation
993 Gene Products
Biological Process
IEA

GO:0015935 : small ribosomal subunit
89 Gene Products
Cellular Component
IEA

GO:0003735 : structural constituent of ribosome
474 Gene Products
Molecular Function
IEA

Exercise 2

- Using the AD data, we will try to improve the performance of our analysis.
- First, the scales of the analytes are arbitrary, and even if they were calibrated, the actual amounts don't matter, just the relative values of each analyte across samples.
- Separate out the first column, which is diagnosis, from the remaining 124 columns which carry assay data. We will have then a 105 by 124 matrix of values.
- Normalize each analyte to a common median of 50. To do this, write a small program to take a vector, determine the median M of the vector, and multiply each element of the vector by $50/M$. The vector will then have median 50. Now use the `apply()` function to do this to each column of the data matrix.

- Take logs of the data. None of them will be negative, but we may need to go back later and use a started log instead.
- Now we want to normalize the samples (rows) so that they all have the same median. Find the mean of the medians of the samples (rows), and using a slight variant of the previous procedure, normalize the matrix so that the median across analytes is the same for each sample.
- Use the tools of LMGene to investigate which analytes are most related to the diagnosis categories.

```

mnorm <- function(vec1, val1)
{
  vec2 <- vec1*val1/median(vec1)
  return(vec2)
}
> source(mnorm.R

> ad.data <- read.csv("AD-Luminex.csv")
> names(ad.data)
[1] "Diagnosis"           "ACE..CD143."
[3] "ACTH"                "Adiponectin"
[5] "Agouti.Related.Protein..AgRP." "Alpha.1.Antitrypsin"
      .....
> diag <- ad.data[,1]
> admat0 <- ad.data[,-1]
> dim(admat0)
[1] 104 124           104 subjects (rows) and 124 analytes (cols)
> summary(apply(admat0,2,median))
      Min.   1st Qu.   Median     Mean   3rd Qu.     Max.
 0.026   2.240   23.950  253.700  96.910 14450.000
> admat1 <- apply(admat0,2,mnorm,val1=50)
> dim(admat1)
[1] 104 124
> summary(apply(admat1,2,median))
      Min. 1st Qu.  Median     Mean 3rd Qu.  Max.
     50     50     50     50     50     50

```

```

> summary(apply(admat1,1,median))
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
 38.45  46.14   50.06   50.28   53.18   64.29
> med.all <- mean(apply(admat1,1,median))
> admat2 <- apply(admat1,1,mnorm,vall=med.all)
> dim(admat2)
[1] 124 104
> summary(apply(admat2,1,median))
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
 46.06  49.65   50.33   50.30   51.10   53.55
> summary(apply(admat2,2,median))
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
 50.28  50.28   50.28   50.28   50.28   50.28
> admat.log <- log(admat2)
> vlist <- list(diagnosis=diag)
> library(LMGene)
> ad.eset <- newes(admat.log,vlist)
> pv1 <- genediff(ad.eset)
Prior d.f. = 2.591863
Prior mean reciprocal precision = 0.1769471
> source("pvadjust.R")
> pv2 <- pvadjust(pv1)

```

transposed, but we want
it that way

```

> sum(pv2$Gene.Specific < .05)
[1] 51
> sum(pv2$Posterior < .05)
[1] 51
> sum(pv2$Gene.Specific.FDR < .1)
[1] 43
> sum(pv2$Posterior.FDR < .1)
[1] 45
> rownames(admat.log)[pv2$Gene.Specific.FDR < .1]
 [1] "Agouti.Related.Protein..AgRP."      "Alpha.1.Antitrypsin"
 [3] "Alpha.Fetoprotein"                  "ApoAI"
 [5] "ApoB"                                "ApoCIII"
 [7] "ApoE"                                "ApoH"
 [9] "ApoJ"                                "Apolipoprotein.A1"
[11] "Apolipoprotein.CIII"                "Apolipoprotein.H"
[13] "ASP"                                  "Brain.Derived.Neurotrophic.Factor"
[15] "C.Reactive.Protein"                 "Calcitonin"
[17] "CD40.Ligand"                        "Cortisol"
[19] "EGF"                                  "ENA.78"
[21] "Fatty.Acids.Binding.Protein"        "Fibrinogen"
[23] "FSH"                                  "GLP.1.active"
[25] "GRO.alpha"                          "HGF"
[27] "IGF.1"                               "IL.18"
[29] "MCP.3"                                "MIF"
[31] "MIP.1.alpha"                        "MIP.1beta"
[33] "PAI.1"                                "PDGF"
[35] "PDGF.BB"                             "Prostate.Specific.Antigen..Free"
[37] "Prostatic.Acid.Phosphatase"         "Pulmonary.and.Activation.Regulated.Chemokine..PARC."
[39] "RANTES"                              "SGOT"
[41] "SHBG"                                "Stem.Cell.Factor"
[43] "Testosterone"

```

```

> sum(pv2$Gene.Specific < .05)
[1] 51
> sum(pv2$Posterior < .05)
[1] 51
> sum(pv2$Gene.Specific.FDR < .1)
[1] 43
> sum(pv2$Posterior.FDR < .1)
[1] 45
> rownames(admat.log)[pv2$Gene.Specific.FDR < .1]
[1] "Agouti.Related.Protein..AgRP."      "Alpha.1.Antitrypsin"
[3] "Alpha.Fetoprotein"                  "ApoAI"
[5] "ApoB"                                "ApoCIII"
[7] "ApoE"                                "ApoH"
[9] "ApoJ"                                "Apolipoprotein.A1"
[11] "Apolipoprotein.CIII"                "Apolipoprotein.H"
[13] "ASP"                                  "Brain.Derived.Neurotrophic.Factor"
[15] "C.Reactive.Protein"                 "Calcitonin"
[17] "CD40.Ligand"                         "Cortisol"
[19] "EGF"                                  "ENA.78"
[21] "Fatty.Acids.Binding.Protein"         "Fibrinogen"
[23] "FSH"                                  "GLP.1.active"
[25] "GRO.alpha"                           "HGF"
[27] "IGF.1"                                "IL.18"
[29] "MCP.3"                                 "MIF"
[31] "MIP.1.alpha"                          "MIP.1beta"
[33] "PAI.1"                                 "PDGF"
[35] "PDGF.BB"                              "Prostate.Specific.Antigen..Free"
[37] "Prostatic.Acid.Phosphatase"          "Pulmonary.and.Activation.Regulated.Chemokine..PARC."
[39] "RANTES"                                "SGOT"
[41] "SHBG"                                  "Stem.Cell.Factor"
[43] "Testosterone"

```